

नमोबुद्ध नगरपालिकाको लागि सूचना प्रविधि अधिकृतको लिखित एवं प्रयोगात्मक  
परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

**General Subject**

**Part(I):- General Awareness & General Ability Test**

**1. General Awareness and Contemporary Issues**

- 1.1 Physical, socio-cultural and economic geography and demography of Nepal
- 1.2 Major natural resources of Nepal
- 1.3 Geographical diversity, climatic conditions, and livelihood & lifestyle of people
- 1.4 Notable events and personalities, social, cultural and economic conditions in modern history of Nepal
- 1.5 Current periodical plan of Nepal
- 1.6 Information on sustainable development, environment, pollution, climate change, biodiversity, science and technology
- 1.7 Nepal's international affairs and general information on the UNO, SAARC & BIMSTEC
- 1.8 The Constitution of Nepal (From Part 1 to 5 and Schedules)
- 1.9 Governance system and Government (Federal, Provincial and Local)
- 1.10 Provisions of civil service act and regulation relating to constitution of civil service, organisational structure, posts of service, fulfillment of vacancy and code of conduct
- 1.11 Functional scope of public services
- 1.12 Public Service Charter
- 1.13 Concept, objective and importance of public policy
- 1.14 Fundamentals of management: planning, organizing, directing, controlling, coordinating, decision making, motivation and leadership
- 1.15 Government planning, budgeting and accounting system
- 1.16 Major events and current affairs of national and international importance

**2. General Ability Test**

**2.1 Verbal Ability Test**

Jumble words, Series, Analogy, Classification, Coding-Decoding, Matrix, Ranking Order Test, Direction and Distance Sense Test, Common Sense Test, Logical Reasoning, Assertion and Reason, Statement and Conclusions

**2.2 Numerical Ability Test**

Series, Analogy, Classification, Coding, Arithmetical reasoning/operation, Percentage, Ratio, Average, Loss & Profit, Time & Work, Data interpretation & Data verification

**2.3 Non-verbal/Abstract Ability Test**

Figure Series, Figure Analogy, Figure Classification, Figure Matrix, Pattern Completion/Finding, Analytical Reasoning Test, Figure Formation and Analysis, Rule Detection, Water images, Mirror images, Cubes and Dice & Venn-diagram

## Part(II) :- General Technical Subject

1. **Computer Fundamentals** (10%)
  - 1.1 Computers, Kind of Computers in respect of size and function
  - 1.2 Generation of Computers
  - 1.3 Components and Architecture of Computers, Connecting the Components,
  - 1.4 **Getting started:** Orientation to personal computers, system unit, Starting the computers
  - 1.5 **Input Devices:** keyboard, mouse, other input devices
  - 1.6 **Processing:** CPU, Memory
  - 1.7 **Storage devices:** Overview of Storage Devices, Floppy Disk Drive, Hard Drive, Universal Serial Bus (USB) Devices and Other Storage Devices
  - 1.8 **Output devices:** Monitors, Printers, Modems, Soundboards
  - 1.9 **Dos survival guide:** Using Command Prompt, Creating and using AUTOEXEC.BAT and CONFIG.SYS
  - 1.10 **Windows survival guide:** Windows Desktop, Program Manager, Organizing the Desktop, File Manager
  - 1.11 **Application software:** Using Application Software
  - 1.12 Windows Explorer, E-mails, Internet, Intranet, Extranets, Ethernet, HTTP
  - 1.13 Computer Viruses, Antivirus
  
2. **Data Structure and Algorithms** (8%)
  - 2.1 Fundamental of Data Structures, Abstract Data types
  - 2.2 Lists, Linked Lists, Stacks
  - 2.3 Queues, Priority Queue
  - 2.4 **Trees:** Traversal, Implementations, Binary Trees, Binary Search Trees, Balanced Search Trees, AVL Trees
  - 2.5 Indexing Methods. Hashing Trees, Suffix Trees
  - 2.6 Worst-Case and Expected time Complexity
  - 2.7 Analysis of Simple Recursive and Nonrecursive Algorithms
  - 2.8 Searching, Merging and Sorting
  - 2.9 **Introductory Notion of algorithm design:** Divide-and-Conquer, Dynamic Programming, Greedy Methods, Backtracking
  - 2.10 **Graph algorithms:** Depth-first Search and Breadth-first Search, Shortest Path Problems, Minimum Spanning Trees, Directed Acyclic Graphs
  
3. **System Analysis and Design** (10%)
  - 3.1 Definition of the System, System Owner, System User, System Designers and system Builders, System Analysts, Variations on the System Analyst title, System life Cycle
  - 3.2 **Joint Application Development (JAD):** JAD definition, JAD purpose, JAD Philosophy, JAD Scope
  - 3.3 **Involved in JAD:** Sponsor, Business Users, System Analyst
  - 3.4 **Roles of JAD Group Member:** Project Leader, Record Keeper, Time Keeper.
  - 3.5 **The System Design Environment:** Development Process, Management Process, System Structure, Basic Component of Computer based Information System, Personal/Centralized/Distribution System

- 3.6 **Conceptformations:**  
Introduction, Finding the Problem, Evaluating the Proposal, Technical Feasibility, Operational Feasibility, Economic Feasibility.
- 3.7 **Requirements analysis:** Representing System Analysis Model, Requirement Model, Design Model
- 3.8 **Development Process:** Design Method
- 3.9 **Entity Relationship Diagram (E-R Diagram):** Notations, Entities: Strong Entities, Weak Entities, Attributes: Simple and Composite, Single Valued and Multiple Valued, Null and Derived Attribute
- 3.10 **Relationship Sets:** Degree of Relationship and Cardinality Relationship, Specialization, Generalization, Aggregation
- 3.11 **Data Flow Diagrams (DFDs):** Introductions, Dataflow Diagram, Symbol, Files or data store, External entities, Dataflows,
- 3.12 **Describing System by Data Flow Diagram:** Context diagram, Top level DFD, Expansion Level DFD, Conversions of Data.
- 3.13 **Object Modeling:** Object -Oriented Concept, Object Structure, Object Feature, Class and Object
- 3.14 **Representation:** Association, Composition, Inheritance, Multiple Inheritances
- 3.15 **Modeling:** Use Case Diagram, State Diagram, Event Flow Diagram.
- 3.16 **Documentation:** Automatic and Manual System

#### 4. **Operating Systems (10%)**

- 4.1 Definition, Development and Functions of Operating Systems
- 4.2 Basic components of the Operating Systems, Information Storage and Management Systems
- 4.3 Disk Allocation and Scheduling Methods, Basic Memory Management strategies, Virtual Memory Management Techniques, Define a Process and features of the Process Management System
- 4.4 Features of Process Scheduling; List the features of Inter-Process Communication and Deadlocks
- 4.5 Concepts of Parallel and Distributed Processing, Identify Security Threats to Operating Systems
- 4.6 Overview of the MS-DOS Operating System
- 4.7 Introduction to the Windows Family of Products, Unix Family of Products, Linux Family of Products
- 4.8 Introduction to Windows Networking
- 4.9 Windows Architecture, Linux Architecture
- 4.10 Troubleshooting Windows & Linux
- 4.11 Managing Network Printing
- 4.12 Managing Hard Disks and Partitions
- 4.13 Monitoring and Troubleshooting Windows
- 4.14 Users, Groups and Permission Linux and Windows

#### 5. **Database Management System and Design (14%)**

- 5.1 Introduction, A Database Model, Relational Database Model, Integrity, RDBMS
- 5.2 SQL and Embedded SQL
- 5.3 Writing Basic SQL SELECT Statements
- 5.4 Restricting and Sorting data
- 5.5 Single Row Functions
- 5.6 Displaying Data from Multiple Tables

- 5.7 Aggregation Data Using Group Functions
- 5.8 SubQueries, Manipulating Data and Creating & Managing Tables
- 5.9 Creating Views and Controlling User Access
- 5.10 Using Set Operators, Datetime Function
- 5.11 **Database Design:** Logical Design, Conceptual Design, Mapping Conceptual to Logical, Pragmatic issues, Physical Design, Integrity and Correctness, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus
- 5.12 Normalization: 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, 4NF, 5NF, DKNF
- 5.13 **Architecture of DBMS:** Client-server, Open Architectures, Transaction Processing, Multi-User & Concurrency, and Backup & Recovery Database
- 5.14 **Basic Concept of major RDBMS products:** Oracle, Sybase, DB2, SQL Server and other Databases

## 6. Programming Language

(8%)

- 6.1 Overview of Programming Language: History, Programming Paradigms, The role of Language translates in the Programming Process.
- 6.2 Fundamental Issues in Language Design.
- 6.3 Virtual Machines, Code Generation, Loop Optimization.
- 6.4 Concept of Procedural Programming, Structural Programming, Object-Oriented Programming.
- 6.5 Concept of C programming, C++ Programming,
- 6.6 Java Programming for Declaration, Modularity and Storage Management Software Development

## 7. Networking

(10%)

- 7.1 **Basic Network Theory:** Network Definition, Network Models, Connectivity, Network Addressing.
- 7.2 **Network Connectivity:** Data Package, Establishing a Connection, Reliable Delivery, Network Connectivity, Noise Control, Building Codes, Connection Devices
- 7.3 **Advanced Network Theory:** OSI model, Ethernet, Network Resources, Tokenring, FDDI, Wireless Networking
- 7.4 **Common Network Protocols:** Families of Protocols, NetBEUI, Bridge and Switches, TCP/IP Protocol, Building TCP/IP Network, TCP/IP Suite
- 7.5 **TCP/IP Services:** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol, DNS Name Resolution, NetBIOS support, SNMP, TCP/IP Utilities, FTP
- 7.6 **Network LAN Infrastructure:** LAN Protocols on a Network, IP Routing, IP Routing Tables, Router Discovery Protocols, Data Movement in a Routed Network, Virtual LANs (VLANs)
- 7.7 **Network WAN Infrastructure:** WAN Environment, WAN Transmission Technologies, WAN Connectivity Devices, Voice Over Data Services
- 7.8 **Remote Networking:** Remote Networking, Remote Access protocols, VPN Technologies
- 7.9 **Computer Security:** Computer Virus, Worm, Trojan Horse
- 7.10 **Network Security:** Introduction, Virus Protection, Local Security, Network Access, Internet Security
- 7.11 **Disaster Recovery:** Need for Disaster Recovery, Disaster Recovery plan, Data backup, Fault Tolerance

- 7.12 **Advanced Data Storage Techniques:** Enterprise Data Storage, Clustering, Network Attached Storage, Storage Area Networks
- 7.13 **Network Troubleshooting:** Using Systematic Approach to Troubleshooting.
- 7.14 **Network Support Tools:** Utilities, Network Baseline
- 7.15 Network Access Points, Common Network Component, Common Peripheral Ports
  
- 8. Computer Architecture & Organization (4%)**
  - 8.1 Evaluation of Computers, Design Methodology, Set Architecture, MIPS ISA, ALU Design
  - 8.2 **Data Path Design:** Single and Multiple Cycle Implementations, Pipelining, Memory Hierarchy, Input/Output System: Bus & Role of Operating System
  
- 9. Compiler Design (2%)**
  - 9.1 Introduction to Compiling
  - 9.2 Logical Analysis, Syntax Analysis, Semantic Analysis
  - 9.3 Run Time Environment
  - 9.4 Intermediate Code Generation, Code Optimization
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- 10. E-Commerce Technology (4%)**
  - 10.1 Introduction to E-Commerce
  - 10.2 Electronic Commerce Strategies
  - 10.3 Electronic Commerce Security Issues
  - 10.4 Success Models of E-Governance
  - 10.5 **E-Business:** b2b, b2c, b2e, c2c, g2g, g2c
  - 10.6 Principles of Electronic Payment, Strategies & Systems
  - 10.7 E-marketing, Reverse Engineering
  - 10.8 E-Banking, EDI Methods, SWIFT
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- 11. MIS and Web Engineering (10%)**
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  - 11.9 Group Decision Support Systems
  - 11.10 Basics of Website Design
  
- 12. IT in Nepal (10%)**
  - 12.1 History of IT in Nepal
  - 12.2 IT Policy of Nepal

- 12.3 Electronic Transaction Act
- 12.4 Copyright Act
- 12.5 Uses of Computers and Software Development
- 12.6 Nepali Unicode, Nepali Fonts
- 12.3 Licensing Issues

**(Paper II): Technical Subject**

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## Section C

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## SectionD

## 7. Networking

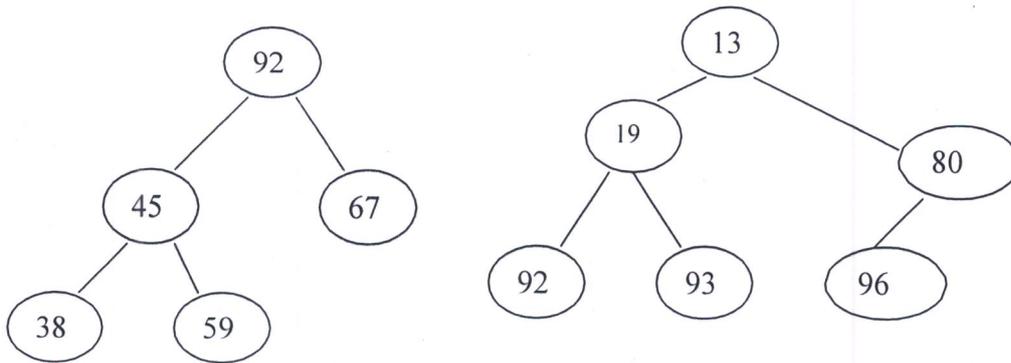
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(Samplequestions)

1. Mergeoperation betweentwo heap trees



H1:AmaxHeap

H2: Amin Heap

2) Preorderandpostordertraversalsofabinarytree given

asbelow:Preorder: u1 u2u3u4u10

u8u5u9u6u11u7Postorder:u4 u10 u3 u8 u2 u9 u11 u7

u6 u5 u1

Obtainedabinarytree,whichresembles withtraversals?

3) Use the do-while loops in nested form and produces the following output in

Java.MultipleTables

```

1   2   3
2   4   6
3   6   9
  
```

4) UsingCprogram Draw Result

```

1   2
2   3
3   4
4   5
  
```

5) Considerthefollowingschema:

*Suppliers* (sid:integer, sname:srting, address:

string)*Parts*(pid: integer, pname: string, color:

string)*Catalog*(sid: integer, pid:integer, cost: real)

The key fields are underline, and the domain of each field is listed after the field name.Thus sid is the key for suppliers, pid is the key for parts, and sid and pid together formthe keyCatalog. The catalog relation list the prices charged for parts by suppliers.Writethe following queries in relational algebra, SQL

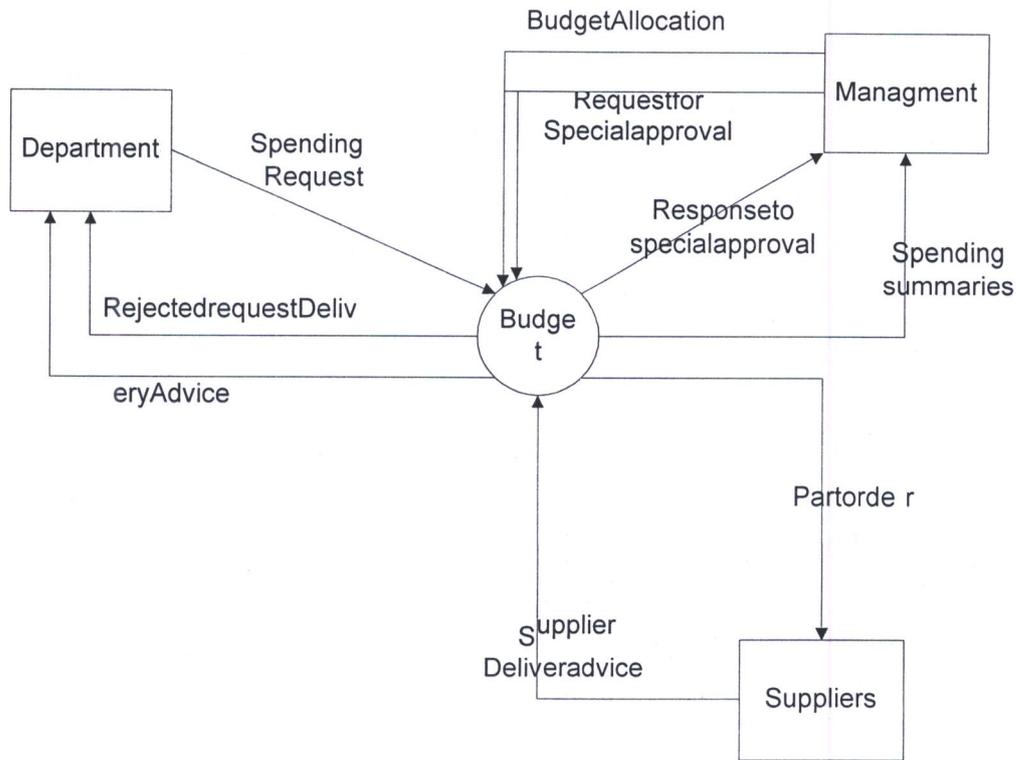
- Find the Name of the suppliers who supply red part.Solution:

a. Relationalalgebra

$\Pi_{sname}(\Pi_{sid}((\Pi_{pid\sigma_{color='red'}}Parts)\Join Catalog)\Join Suppliers)$

**b. SQL**  
 SELECTS.sname  
 FROM SuppliersS,Parts P, Catalog C  
 WHEREP.color='red'ANDC.pid=P.pidANDC.sid=S.sid

6) DevelopToplevelDFDfromContextDiagram



1. GetIP address from given computerswhichareNetwork.
  - a. Giveprivilegedshareonlydatabase administration.
  - b. Determineifthe followingaddress areonlocalor remotenetwork.  
 Node1: 192.255.16.8  
 Node2:192.225.14.8  
 Mask:255.255.255.0
2. CreatetablesStudent,Teacher,CourseisSQL.Stud  
 ent(Sid, Sname, subject,level)  
 Teacher (Tid, Tname,  
 subject,)Course(Cid,Cnumber,Tname  
 ,level)
  - a. Insert10values
  - b. Deletefirsttwovalues.
3. Given a string  
 StringS("123456789")  
 WriteaprograminC++thatdisplaysthe following:  
 1  
 232  
 34543

4567654  
567898765